

# In a browser via MSE

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## Overview

Media Source Extensions (MSE) is a browser API that allows playing audio and video using the corresponding HTML5 tags<audio>and<video>. While WebRTC is intended for both playing and publishing streams in real time, MSE is for playing only. Therefore, the MSE technology can be used when you only need to play a stream on the page and there are no strict requirements to latency.

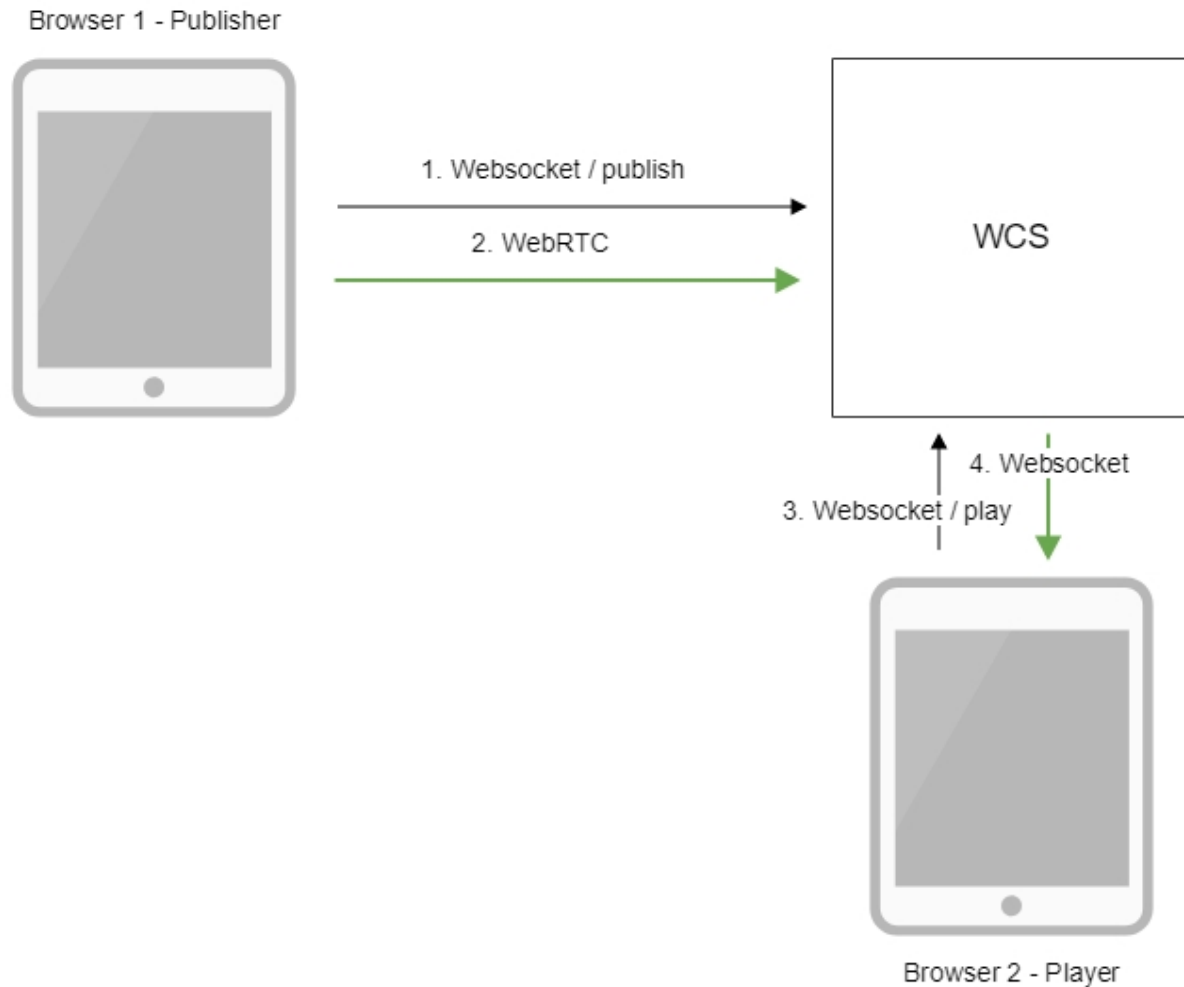
## Supported platforms and browsers

	Chrome	Firefox	Safari 11	Edge
Windows	+	+		+
Mac OS	+	+	+	
Android	+	+		
iOS	-	-	+	

## Supported codecs

- Video: H.264
- Audio: AAC

## Operation flowchart



1. The browser connects to the server via the Websocket protocol and sends the publish command.
2. The browser captures the microphone and the camera and sends the WebRTC stream to the server.
3. The second browser establishes a connection also via Websockets and sends the play command.
4. The second browser receives the H.264 + AAC stream via Websocket and plays this stream on the page using MSE.

## Quick manual on testing

### Publishing a video stream on the server and playing it in a browser via MSE


1. For this test we use:

- the demo server at [demo.flashphoner.com](http://demo.flashphoner.com);
- the [Two Way Streaming](#) web application for publishing the stream
- the [Player](#) web application to play the stream via MSE

2. Open the Two Way Streaming application. Click Connect, then Publish. Copy the identifier of the stream:


## Two-way Streaming

Local



53c6 Stop

Player



53c6 Play Available

PUBLISHING

wss://demo.flashphoner.com:8443 Disconnect

ESTABLISHED

3. Open the Player web application and specify MSE in the parameters of the URL

<https://demo.flashphoner.com/client2/examples/demo/streaming/player/player.html?mediaProvider=MSE>

4. Set the identifier of the stream in the Stream field:

**WCS URL**

**Stream**

**Volume**

**Full Screen**

5. Click the Start button. The stream starts playing:

## Player



**WCS URL**

wss://demo.flashphoner.com:844

**Stream**

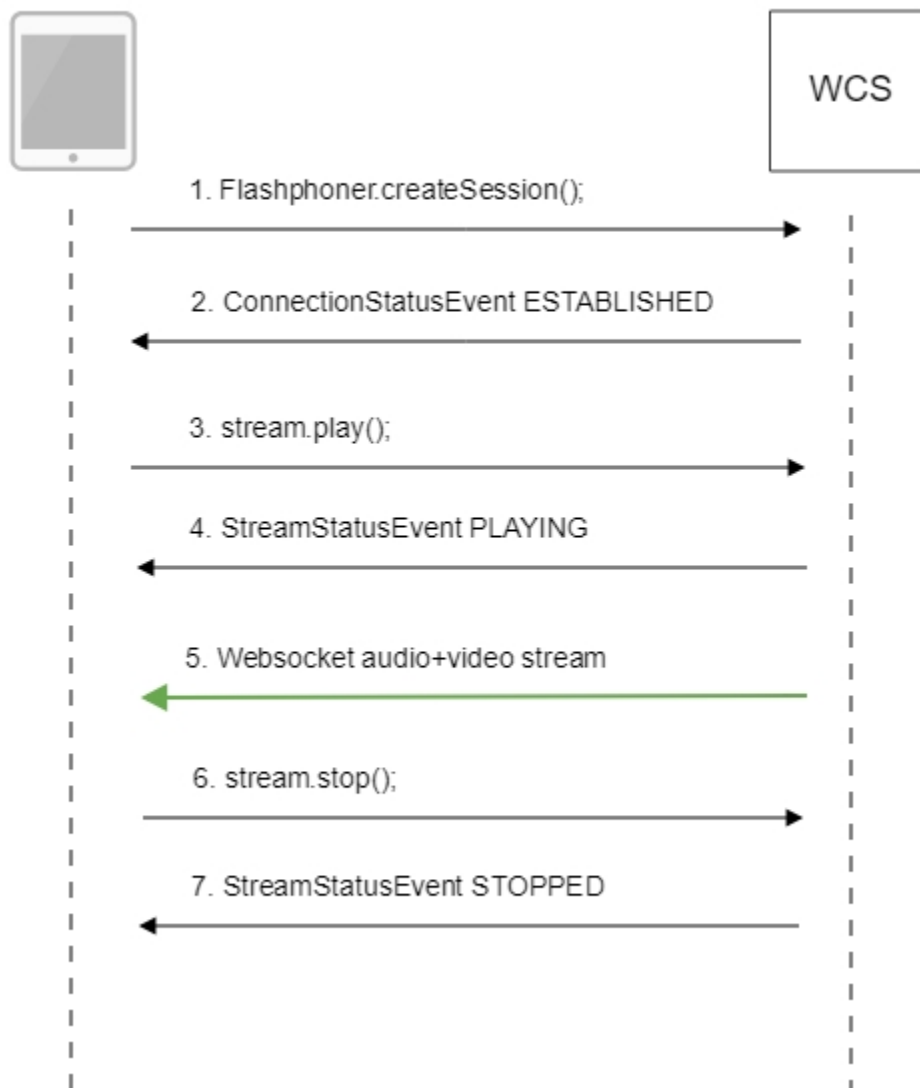
53c6

## Call flow

Below is the call flow when using the Player example to play a stream via MSE

[player.html](#)

[player.js](#)



1. Establishing a connection to the server.

Flashphoner.createSession();[code](#)

```

Flashphoner.createSession({urlServer: url}).on(SESSION_STATUS.ESTABLISHED, function(session){
    setStatus(session.status());
    //session connected, start playback
    playStream(session);
}).on(SESSION_STATUS.DISCONNECTED, function(){
    setStatus(SESSION_STATUS.DISCONNECTED);
    onStopped();
}).on(SESSION_STATUS.FAILED, function(){
    setStatus(SESSION_STATUS.FAILED);
    onStopped();
});
  
```

2. Receiving from the server an event confirming successful connection.

ConnectionStatusEvent ESTABLISHED[code](#)

```
Flashphoner.createSession({urlServer: url}).on(SESSION_STATUS.ESTABLISHED, function(session){
    setStatus(session.status());
    //session connected, start playback
    playStream(session);
}).on(SESSION_STATUS.DISCONNECTED, function(){
    ...
}).on(SESSION_STATUS.FAILED, function(){
    ...
});
```

### 3. Playing the stream.

`stream.play();`[code](#)

```
if (Flashphoner.getMediaProviders()[0] === "MSE" && mseCutByIFrameOnly) {
    options.mediaConnectionConstraints = {
        cutByIFrameOnly: mseCutByIFrameOnly
    }
    ...
    stream = session.createStream(options).on(STREAM_STATUS.PENDING, function(stream) {
        ...
    });
    stream.play();
```

### 4. Receiving from the server an event confirming successful playing of the stream.

`StreamStatusEvent, status PLAYING`[code](#)

```
stream = session.createStream(options).on(STREAM_STATUS.PENDING, function(stream) {
    ...
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.PLAYING, function(stream) {
    $("#preloader").show();
    setStatus(stream.status());
    onStarted(stream);
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.STOPPED, function() {
    ...
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.FAILED, function(stream) {
    ...
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.NOT_ENOUGH_BANDWIDTH, function(stream){
    ...
});
stream.play();
```

### 5. Receiving the audio-video stream via Websocket and playing via MSE

### 6. Stopping the playback of the stream.

`stream.stop();`[code](#)

```
function onStarted(stream) {
    $("#playBtn").text("Stop").off('click').click(function(){
        $(this).prop('disabled', true);
        stream.stop();
    }).prop('disabled', false);
    ...
}
```

### 7. Receiving from the server and event confirming the playback of the stream is stopped.

`StreamStatusEvent, status STOPPED`[code](#)

```

stream = session.createStream(options).on(STREAM_STATUS.PENDING, function(stream) {
    ...
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.PLAYING, function(stream) {
    ...
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.STOPPED, function() {
    setStatus(STREAM_STATUS.STOPPED);
    onStopped();
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.FAILED, function(stream) {
    ...
}).on(STREAM_STATUS.NOT_ENOUGH_BANDWIDTH, function(stream){
    ...
});
stream.play();

```

## Known issues

1. When stream is published from Flash client with low framerate and played via MSE in MS Edge and Internet Explorer 11 browsers with mseCutByFrameOnly=true setting and transcoding enabled, video freezes are possible.

Symptoms: when stream is published from Flash client and played in Player web application with mseCutByFrameOnly=true setting enabled and resolution explicitly set, for example <https://server:8888/client2/examples/demo/streaming/player/player.html?resolution=320x240&mediaProvider=MSE&mseCutByFrameOnly=true>, freezes often occur in MS Edge or IE 11 browsers.

Solution:

- a) FPS must not be lower than 25 when stream is published from Flash client, transcoding has also to be escaped;
- 6) If FPS cannot be higher or transcoding is necessary, the following parameter in [flashphoner.properties](#) file should be reduced, for example

```
video_encoder_h264_gop=30
```